

Tecniche innovative per l'identificazione delle
caratteristiche dinamiche delle strutture e del danno

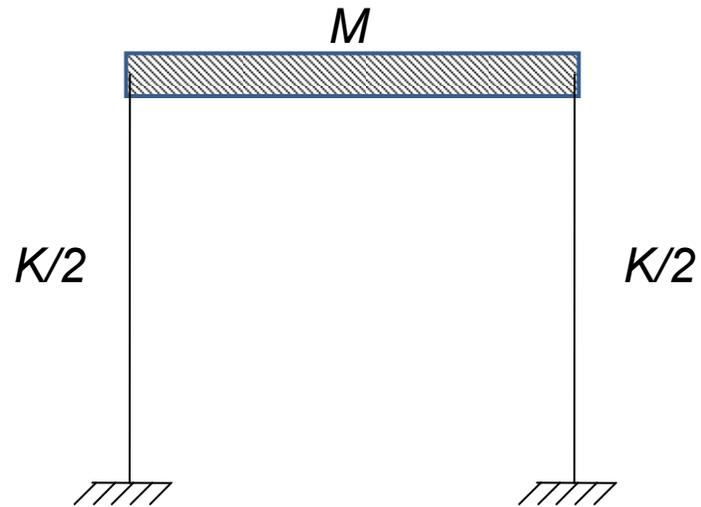
La Valutazione delle Masse e delle Rigidezze

Dott. Ing. Rocco Ditommaso

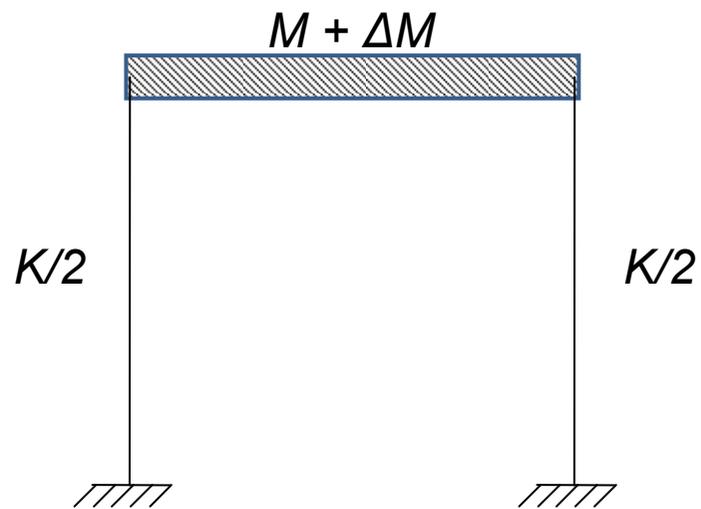
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Tecniche di Identificazione dinamica



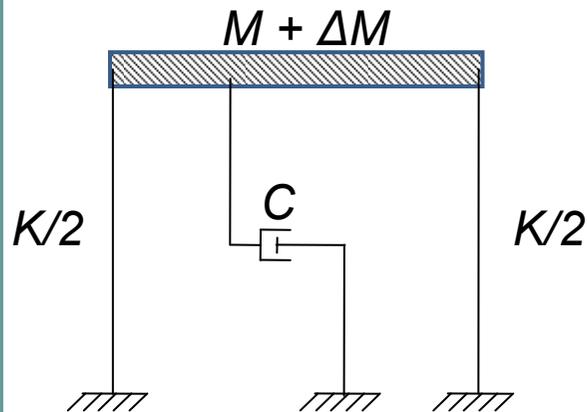
$$T_i = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}}$$



$$T_f = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M + \Delta M}{K}}$$

Tecniche di Identificazione dinamica

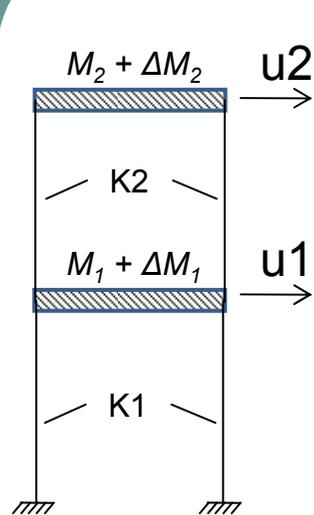
$$\begin{cases} T_i = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}} \\ T_f = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M + \Delta M}{K}} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} M = \frac{T_i^2}{T_f^2 - T_i^2} \cdot \Delta M \\ K = \frac{4 \cdot \pi^2}{T_f^2 - T_i^2} \cdot \Delta M \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} T_{D,i} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} \cdot 2\pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}} \\ T_{D,f} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} \cdot 2\pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{M + \Delta M}{K}} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} M = \frac{T_{D,i}^2}{T_{D,f}^2 - T_{D,i}^2} \cdot \Delta M \\ K = \frac{1}{1-\zeta^2} \cdot \frac{4 \cdot \pi^2}{T_{D,f}^2 - T_{D,i}^2} \cdot \Delta M \end{cases}$$

$$T_D = T \rightarrow K = \frac{K_{ap}}{1 - \zeta^2}$$

Tecniche di Identificazione dinamica



$$\begin{pmatrix} M_1 & 0 \\ 0 & M_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \ddot{u}_1 \\ \ddot{u}_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} K_1 + K_2 & -K_2 \\ -K_2 & K_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(K - \lambda M) = 0$$

$$\lambda_i = \omega_i^2$$

$$a\lambda^2 + b\lambda + c = 0$$

$$a_i = M_1 \cdot M_2$$

$$b_i = -M_1 \cdot K_2 - M_2 \cdot (K_1 + K_2)$$

$$c_i = K_1 \cdot K_2$$

$$\lambda_{1,i} = \omega_{1,i}^2 = \frac{-b_i - \sqrt{b_i^2 - 4 \cdot a_i \cdot c_i}}{2 \cdot a_i} \quad \lambda_{2,i} = \omega_{2,i}^2 = \frac{-b_i + \sqrt{b_i^2 - 4 \cdot a_i \cdot c_i}}{2 \cdot a_i}$$

$$\lambda_{1,f} = \omega_{1,f}^2 = \frac{-b_f - \sqrt{b_f^2 - 4 \cdot a_f \cdot c_f}}{2 \cdot a_f} \quad \lambda_{2,f} = \omega_{2,f}^2 = \frac{-b_f + \sqrt{b_f^2 - 4 \cdot a_f \cdot c_f}}{2 \cdot a_f}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b_i - \sqrt{b_i^2 - 4 \cdot a_i \cdot c_i}}{2 \cdot a_i} - \omega_{1,i}^2 = 0 \\ \frac{-b_i + \sqrt{b_i^2 - 4 \cdot a_i \cdot c_i}}{2 \cdot a_i} - \omega_{2,i}^2 = 0 \\ \frac{-b_f - \sqrt{b_f^2 - 4 \cdot a_f \cdot c_f}}{2 \cdot a_f} - \omega_{1,f}^2 = 0 \\ \frac{-b_f + \sqrt{b_f^2 - 4 \cdot a_f \cdot c_f}}{2 \cdot a_f} - \omega_{2,f}^2 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$



$$M_1 = f(\Delta M_1, \Delta M_2, T_{1,i}, T_{2,i}, T_{1,f}, T_{2,f})$$

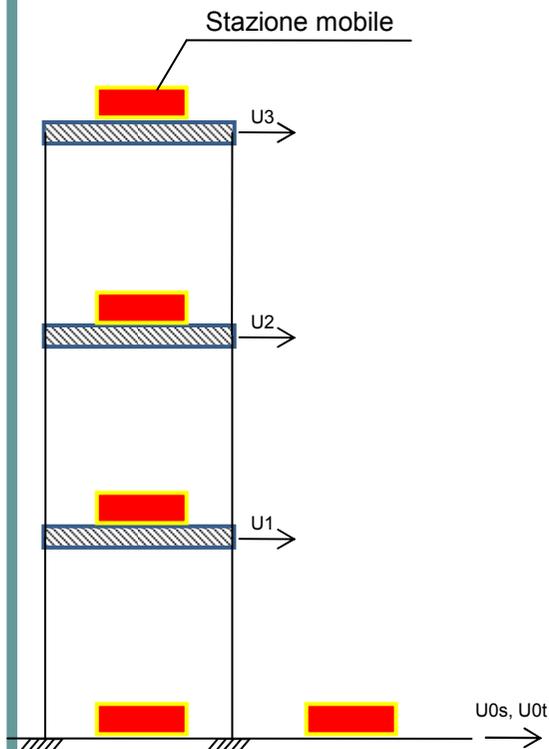
$$M_2 = f(\Delta M_1, \Delta M_2, T_{1,i}, T_{2,i}, T_{1,f}, T_{2,f})$$

$$K_1 = f(\Delta M_1, \Delta M_2, T_{1,i}, T_{2,i}, T_{1,f}, T_{2,f})$$

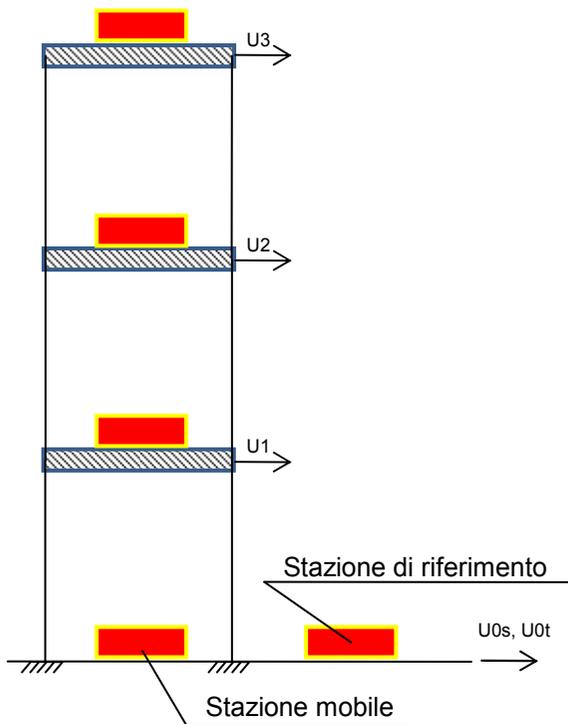
$$K_2 = f(\Delta M_1, \Delta M_2, T_{1,i}, T_{2,i}, T_{1,f}, T_{2,f})$$

Tecniche di Identificazione dinamica

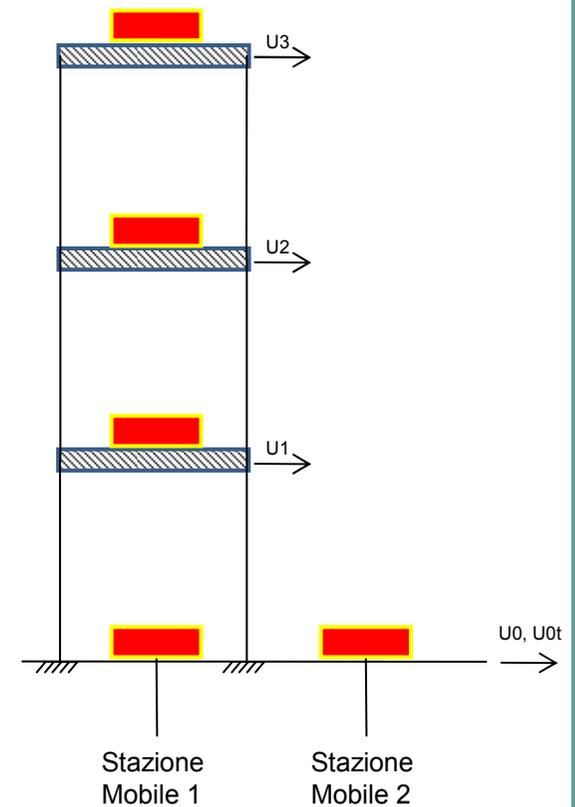
Configurazione 1



Configurazione 2



Configurazione 3



Tecniche di Identificazione dinamica

Configurazione 4

